



**IN-WEBO**  
Mobile & Web Strong Authentication

Please activate slideshow

Ultimate protection for digital identities

# In-Webo Technologies



## InWebo Service Model

Free soft-tokens

Multi-device, multi-environment

Self-service oriented



Universal

Certified product



Easy, transparent

Security-as-a-service

> Comprehensive Security-as-a-service solutions for Businesses and Service Providers

> Easy, universal, scalable, « web-minded »

> Security core : data protection, users remain anonymous, trusted services provider

Users

Free tokens

Access and services

InWebo Service



One-Time codes



Validation according to security policy



**self-service** management of strong authentication **soft-tokens** integrated into **consumer & business** handsets, devices and applications

# InWebo free soft-tokens



## In-App Token

Strong authentication library (SDK)

Based on certified library



## Cloud Token

No-install, full-web 2-factor authentication from any device



## Mobile Token

Universal OTP-generator on any cell-/smartphone



## Desktop Token

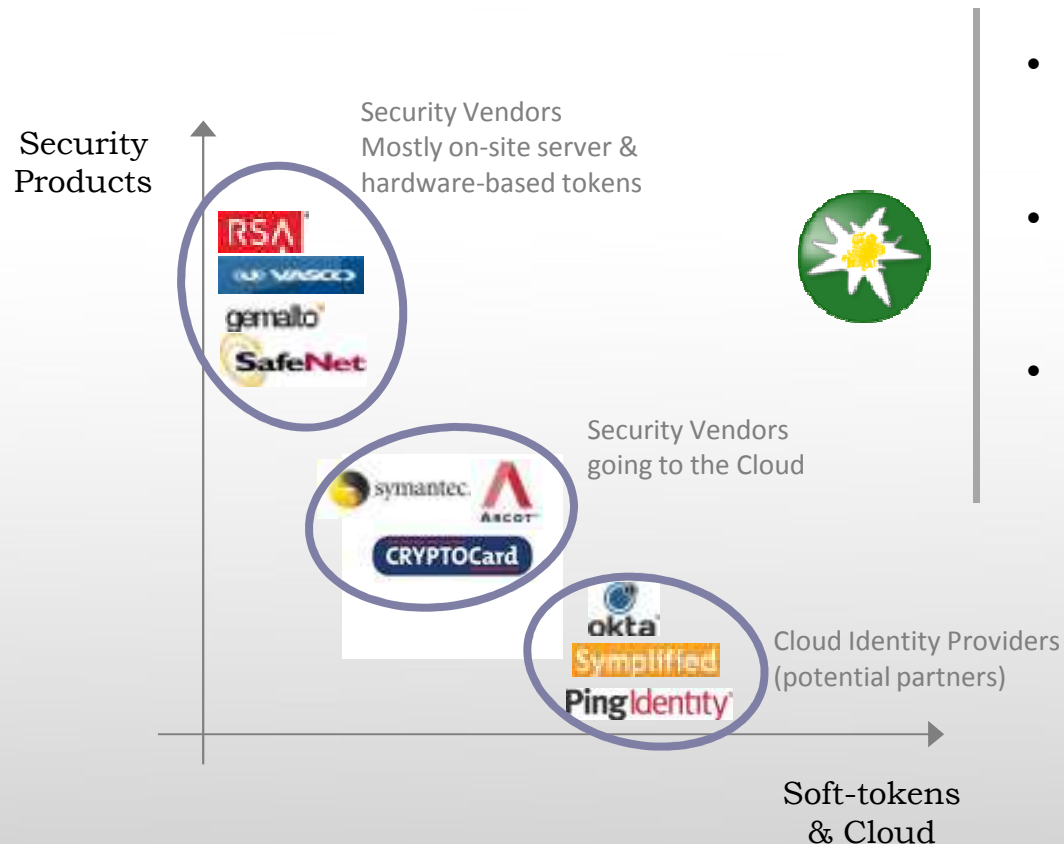
Authentication client and browser extension



Certified product

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# Competitive Landscape: a Security vs. Flexibility Tradeoff



- The only security-proven & certified software OTP technology
- The only trusted authentication platform
- Unique set of soft-tokens (mobile, desktop, In-App, Cloud)

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# Proven Security



OTP = Function (Main Secret Key , PIN , Counters )



Token SW

OTP = Function (Main Secret Key , PIN , Counters)



Once the soft-token has been reverse-engineered, knowledge of a unique OTP (*even if no longer valid*) gives the PIN with a **local** and straight calculation; OTP must therefore be considered as sensitive information *over the complete token lifetime* and such soft-tokens are no genuine 2-factor tokens



OTP = Function (Main Secret Key , PIN , Counters,



Service Key, Random Dynamic Keys)



Calculation of the PIN involves a systematic search over 512 bits, that is not feasible in practice and would anyway provide unusable results (due to under defined equation systems). InWebo application is not sensitive to reverse-engineering

# Proven Security explained - 1



OTP = One\_Way\_Function (Main Secret Key , Counter , PIN)



Typ. 20 bits



Typ. 13-17 bits if digital  
(more if alphanumeric)

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**Traditional soft-token** (proprietary such as RSA, Vasco, Arcot, or public such as HTOP/TOTP)  
*without random dynamic keys\**

The « Counter » has no entropy (it is deterministic), so calculating the PIN is equivalent to solving a system of ~20 equations and 13-17 unknown variables. As the functions are « one-way », the best possibility is a systematic search involving (worst case)  $2^{17}$  local calculations. **Current workstations require less than a second to perform these calculations.**

Consequence is that with such a soft-token, every OTP must be kept confidential over the complete lifecycle of the token (several years). **Said differently: a simple password has the same security level.**

\*keys = shared secrets

# Proven Security explained - 2



OTP = One\_Way\_Function (Main Secret Key , Counter , PIN , Random Dynamic Keys)



Typ. 20 bits



Typ. 13-17 bits if digital  
(more if alphanumeric)



Typ. 512 bits

## InWebo soft-token involving random dynamic keys

Calculating the PIN is equivalent in theory to solving a system of ~20 equations and 525 unknown variables. The best possibility is a systematic search involving (worst case)  $2^{525}$  local calculations. **Such computing power is definitively out of reach.** Even if it were, all PIN possible values would be found as valid candidates, as the equation system is hugely under-defined.

Consequence is that In-Webo OTP are not sensitive information (once they have been used or have become invalid, e.g. after max. 2 minutes). Said differently: In-Webo soft-tokens are not sensitive to reverse engineering. **Said differently: In-Webo soft-tokens have a security level similar to that of hardware tokens.**

**This technology has been analyzed by independent academic research in 2009, and evaluated/certified by ANSSI in 2012 (both reports available in French). ANSSI certification also relates to the correct cryptographic implementation in InWebo products.**

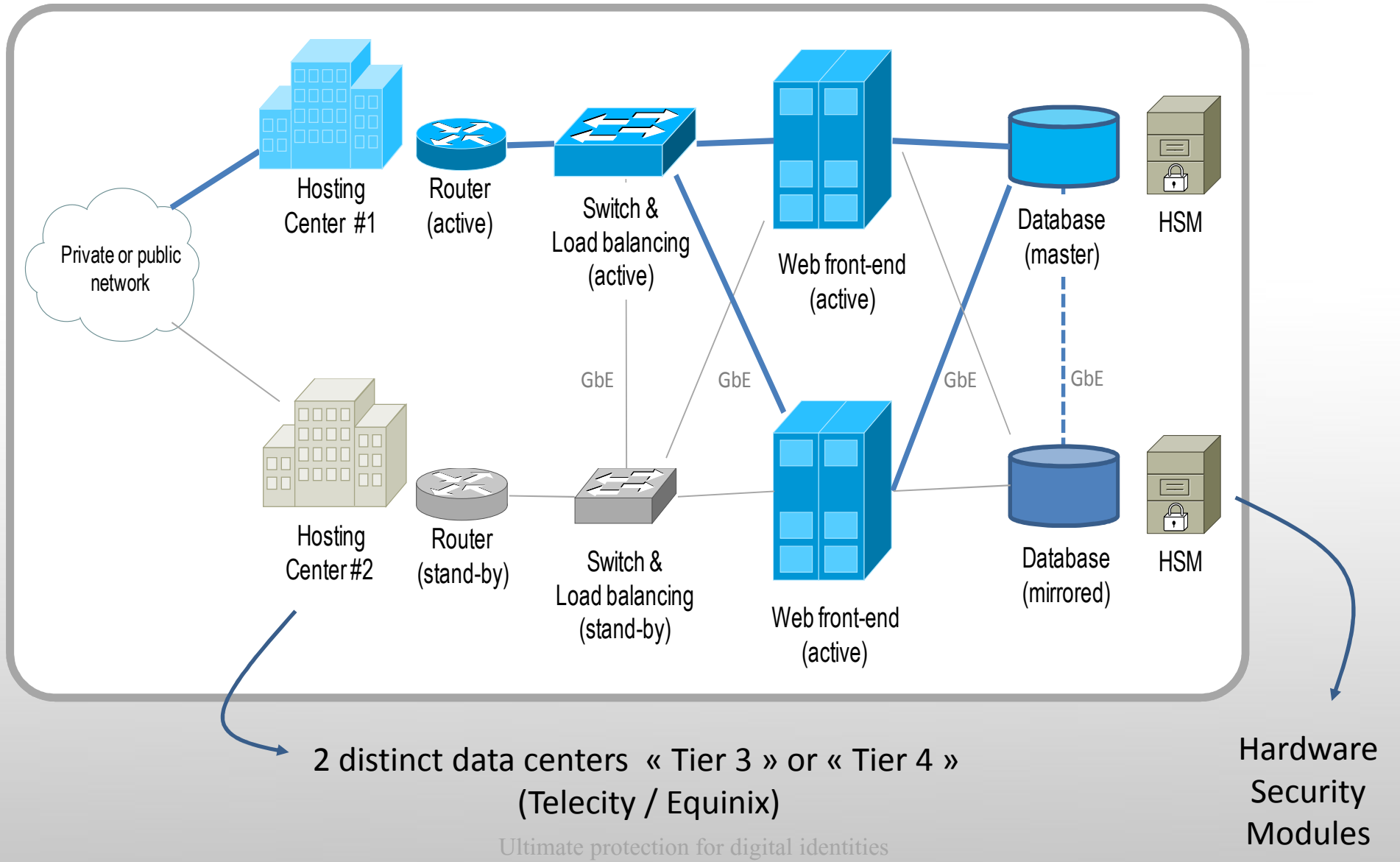
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# The first and only Trusted Platform

- > In-Webo customers (Banks, Businesses, etc.) keep under their exclusive and cryptographic control their users' tokens' « service keys »
- > This is achieved thanks to an initial key ceremony with the customer
- > InWebo HSM perform all security related operations
- > InWebo HSM do NOT trust
  - > InWebo webservers
  - > InWebo sysadmins
  - > and of course 'anonymous'



# High Availability Architecture

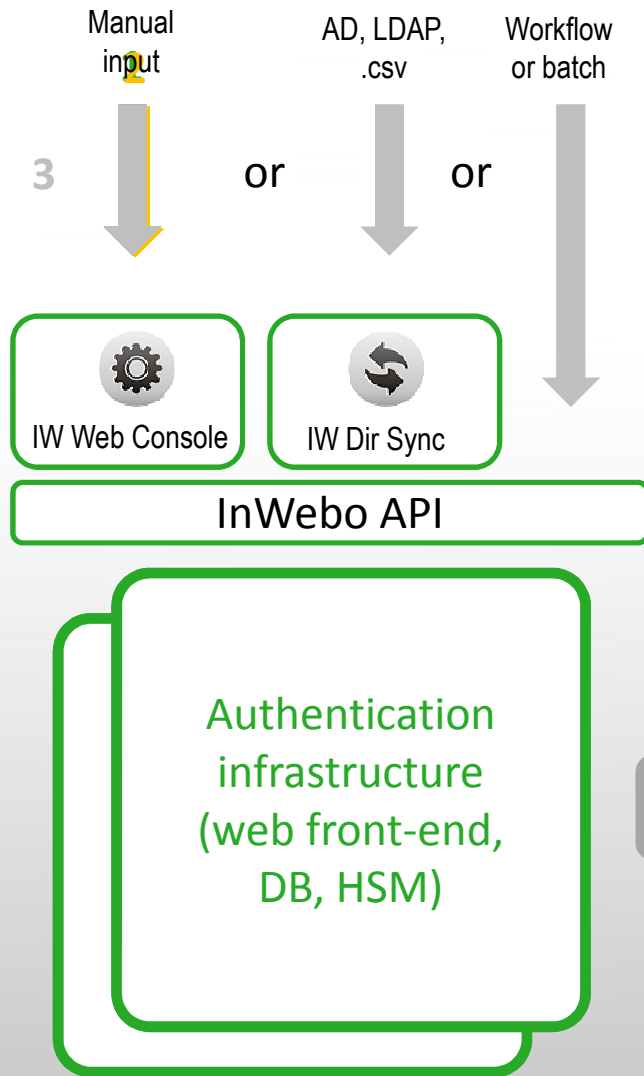


2 distinct data centers « Tier 3 » or « Tier 4 »  
(Telecity / Equinix)

Hardware Security Modules

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# « No IT » Setup

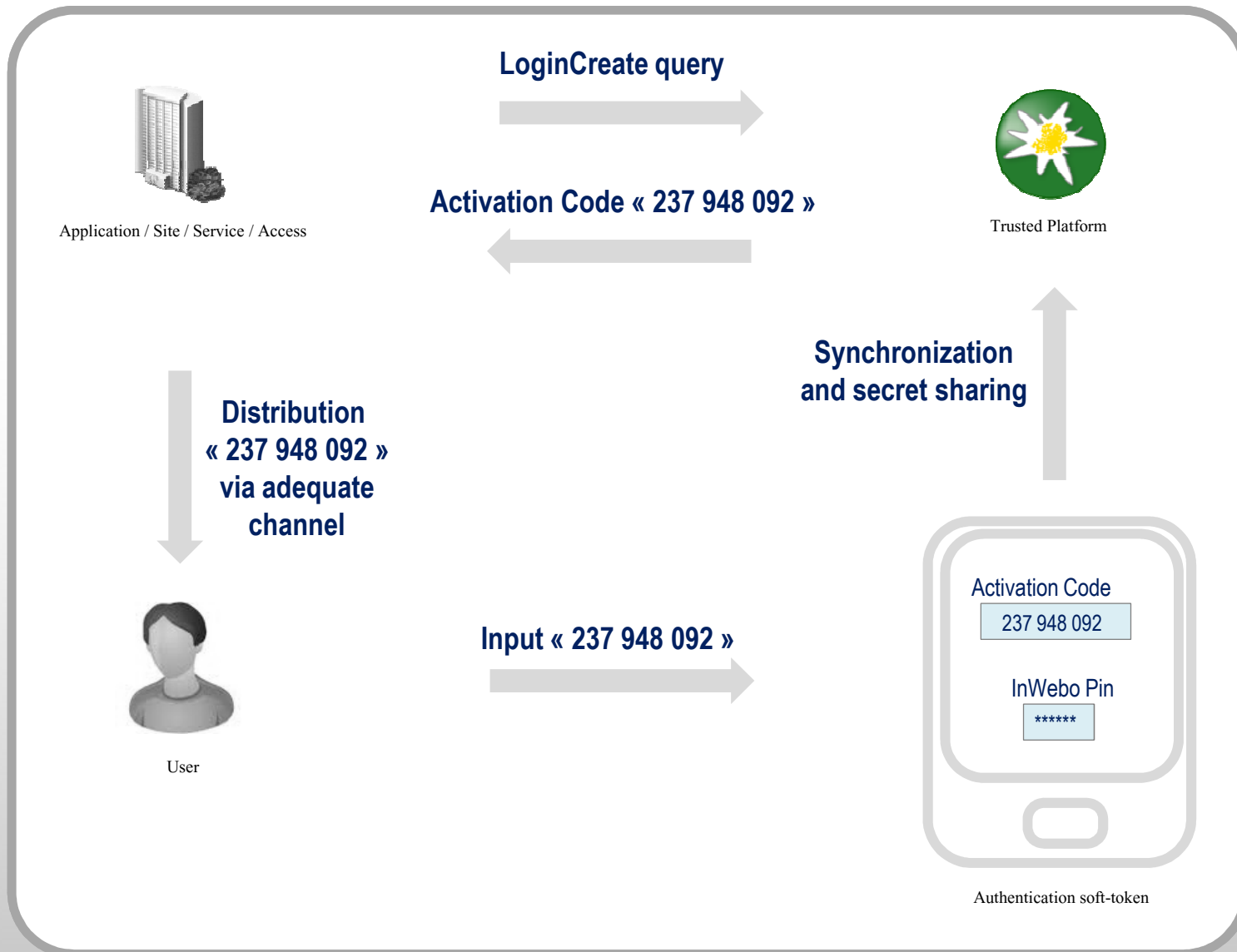


1- Configuration of an authentication “connector” (radius, SAML 2.0, Webservice)

2- Selection of a security policy for authentication: supported InWebo tokens, OTP format, trust model, etc.

3- User provisioning or synchronization

# Enrollment





Thank you

More information on [www.in-webo.com](http://www.in-webo.com)